

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME									
	CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER								
* 4 8	MATHEMATICS	0580/32								
1 4	Paper 3 (Core)		May/June 2010							
8 0 4	2 hours Candidates answer on the Question Paper.									
174*	Additional Materia	als: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)								

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.

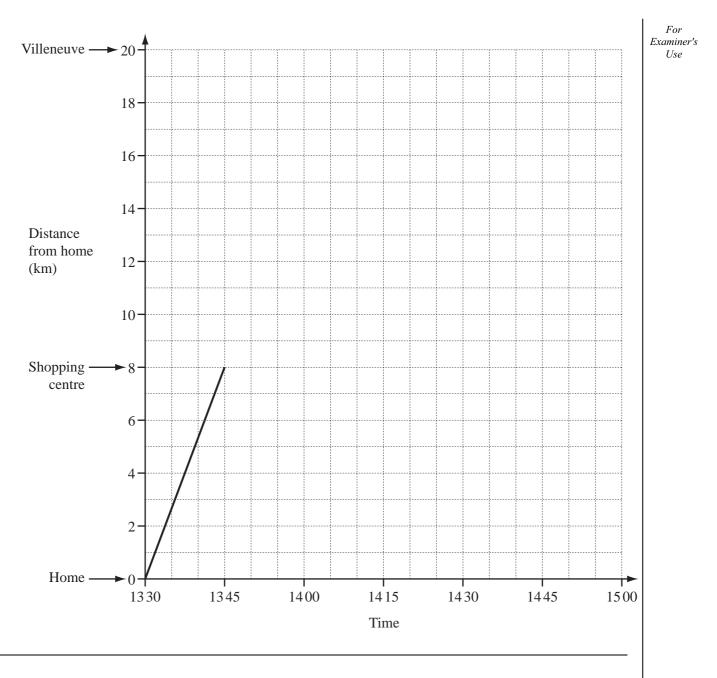


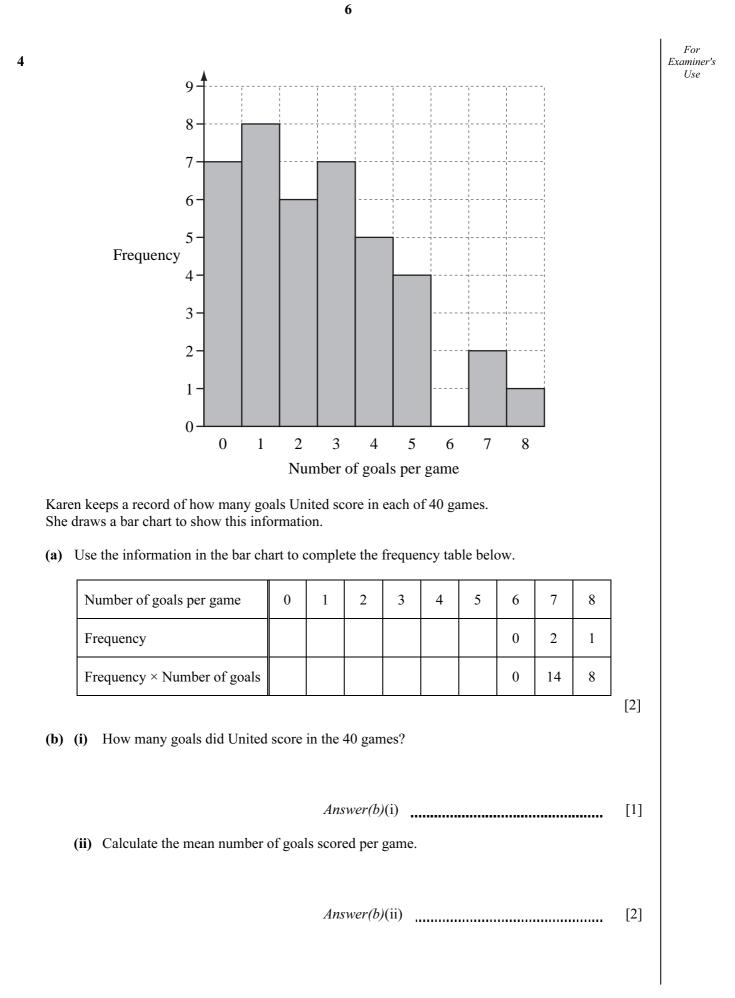
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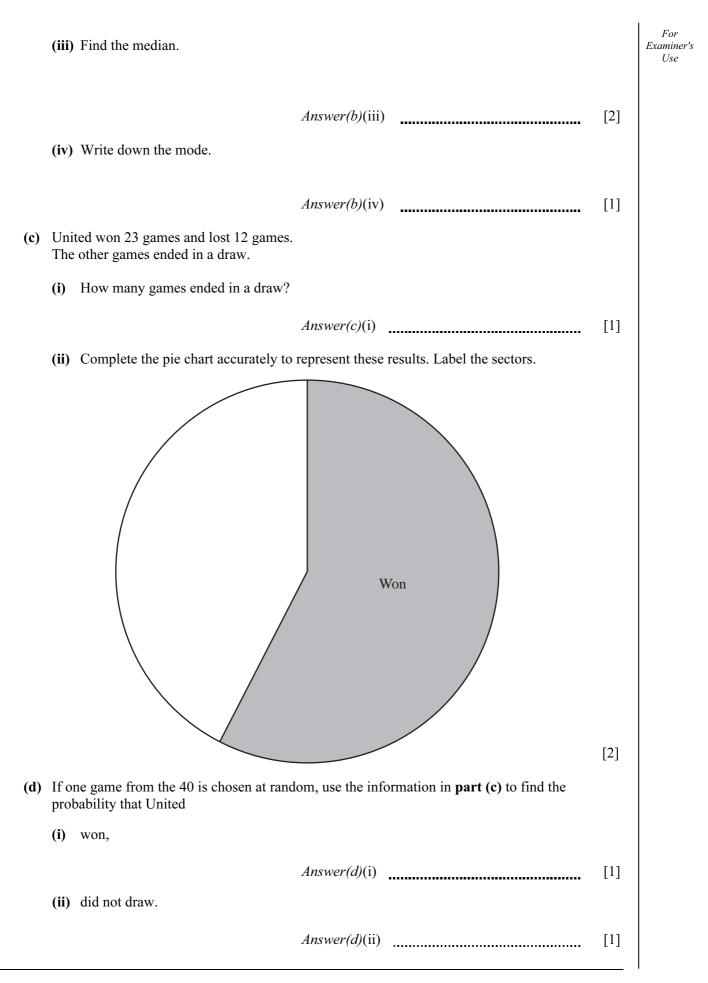
2	Francis earns \$150 per week. He has \$132 left after he pays his tax.	For Examiner's Use
	(a) Calculate what percentage of his \$150 he pays in tax.	
	<i>Answer(a)</i> % [3]	
	(b) He divides the \$132 between expenses, savings and family in the ratio	
	Expenses : Savings : Family = $15:7:11$.	
	Calculate his expenses.	
	<i>Answer(b)</i> \$ [3]	
	What fraction of the \$132 is this? Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.	
	$Answer(c) \qquad [2]$	
	(d) His earnings of \$150 per week increase by 8%.	
	Calculate his new earnings.	
	Answer(d) [2]	

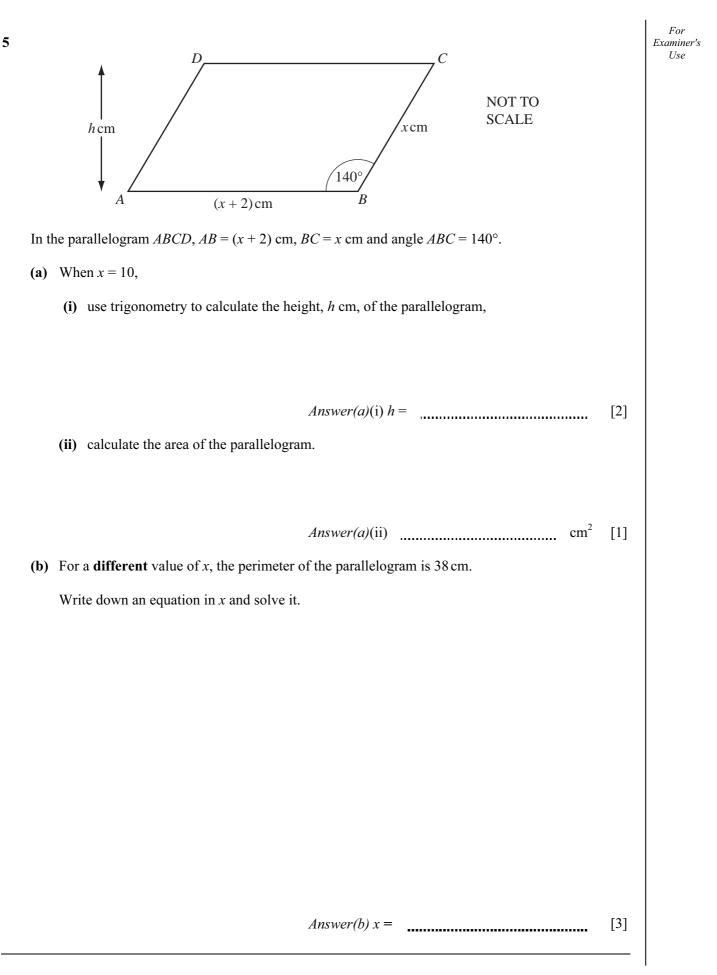
3		s Sesay leaves home by car at 13 30. er 15 minutes she stops at a shopping centre, 8 kilometres from home.	For Examiner's Use
	(a)	Calculate the average speed for her journey. Give your answer in kilometres per hour.	
		Answer(a) km/h [2]	
	(b)	She leaves the shopping centre half an hour later. She travels a further 12 kilometres at the speed of 36 km/h to Villeneuve.	
		(i) Write down the time when she leaves the shopping centre.	
		<i>Answer(b)</i> (i) [1]	
		(ii) Calculate the time, in minutes, that she takes to travel from the shopping centre to Villeneuve.	
		Answer(b)(ii) min [2]	
		(iii) On the grid opposite, complete the travel graph showing her journey. [2]	
	(c)	Her son, Braima, also leaves home at 13 30 and cycles the 20 kilometres to Villeneuve. He cycles at a speed of 15 km/h.	
		(i) Calculate how long his journey takes. Give your answer in hours and minutes.	
		<i>Answer(c)</i> (i) h min [2]	
		Answer(c)(i)hmin[2](ii) Show his journey on the grid.[1]	
		(iii) How many minutes after his mother does Braima arrive at Villeneuve?	
		Answer(c)(iii) min [1]	

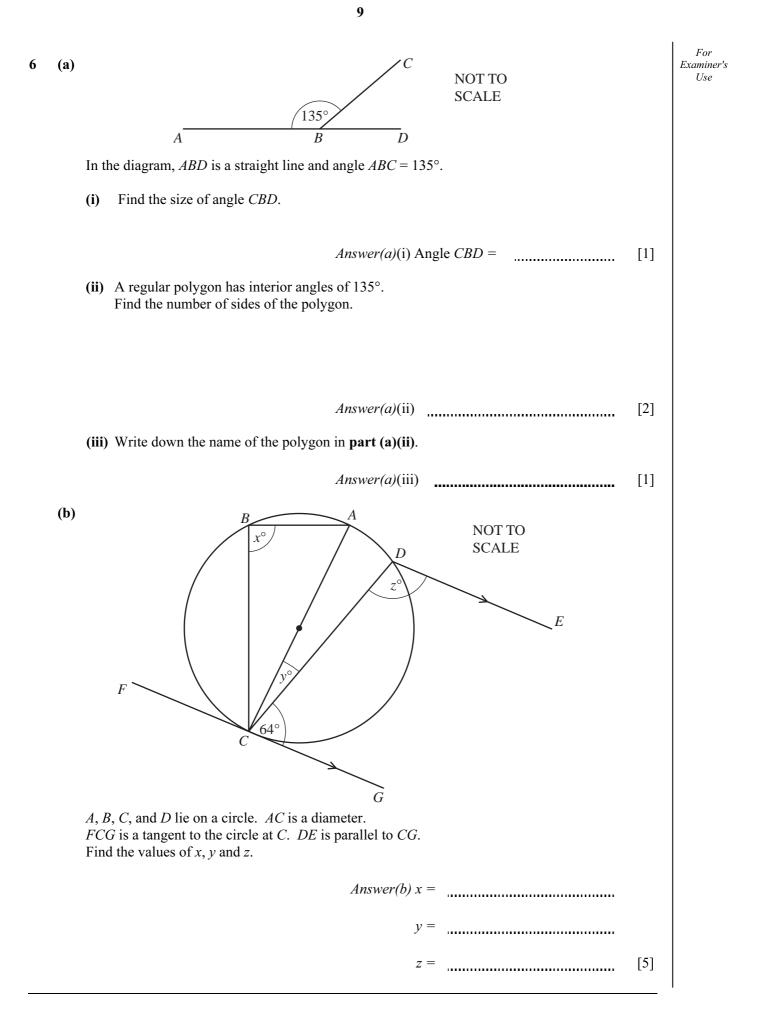
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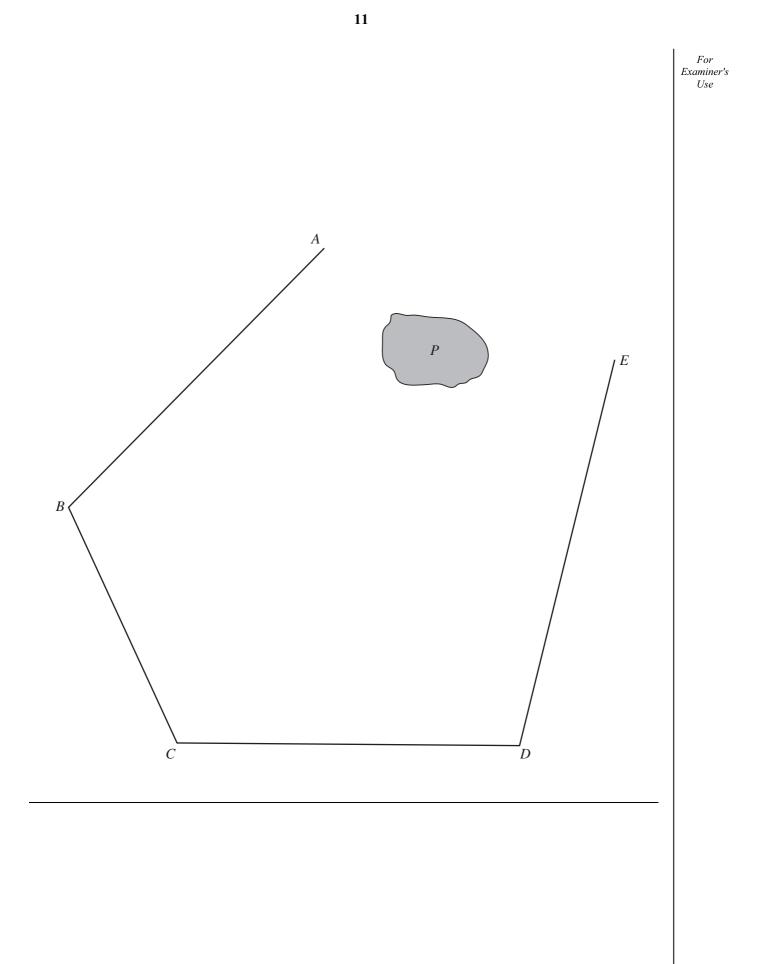


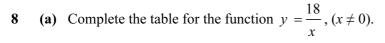




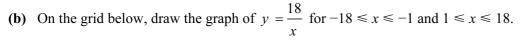


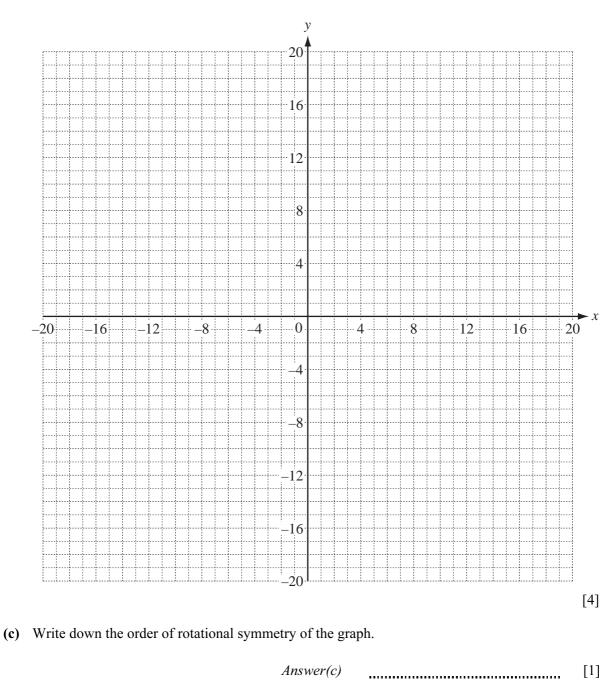
7	Part A p On Par	area of land <i>ABCDEF</i> is in the shape of a hexagon. t of a scale drawing of the land is shown on the opposite page. ond, <i>P</i> , is inside the hexagon. the plan, 1 centimetre represents 20 metres. rts (a), (b), (c) and (f) must be completed using a ruler and compasses only. construction arcs must be clearly shown.		For Examiner's Use
	(a)	On the land, $AF = 80$ m and $EF = 100$ m.		
		On the scale drawing, find the point F , by construction. Draw the lines AF and EF .	[2]	
	(b)	On the scale drawing, construct the perpendicular bisector of CD . Label the point M where the bisector crosses CD .	[2]	
	(c)	On the scale drawing, construct the bisector of angle <i>BCD</i> .	[2]	
	(d)	The bisectors from part (b) and part (c) meet at <i>L</i> .		
		(i) Measure and write down the length of LM in centimetres.		
		Answer(d)(i) cm	[1]	
		(ii) Find the distance between L and M on the land. Give your answer in metres.		
		Answer(d)(ii) m	[1]	
	(e)	Triangle <i>CML</i> is a field for sheep.		
		Calculate the area of this field.		
		Answer(e) m^2	[2]	
	(f)	There is also a field for cows inside the hexagon. This field is the region nearer to D than to C and less than 120 m from D .		
		By constructing a suitable locus on the scale drawing, find and label this region R .	[2]	





x	-18	-9	-6	-3	-2	-1	1	2	3	6	9	18
у				-6	-9	-18	18	9	6			





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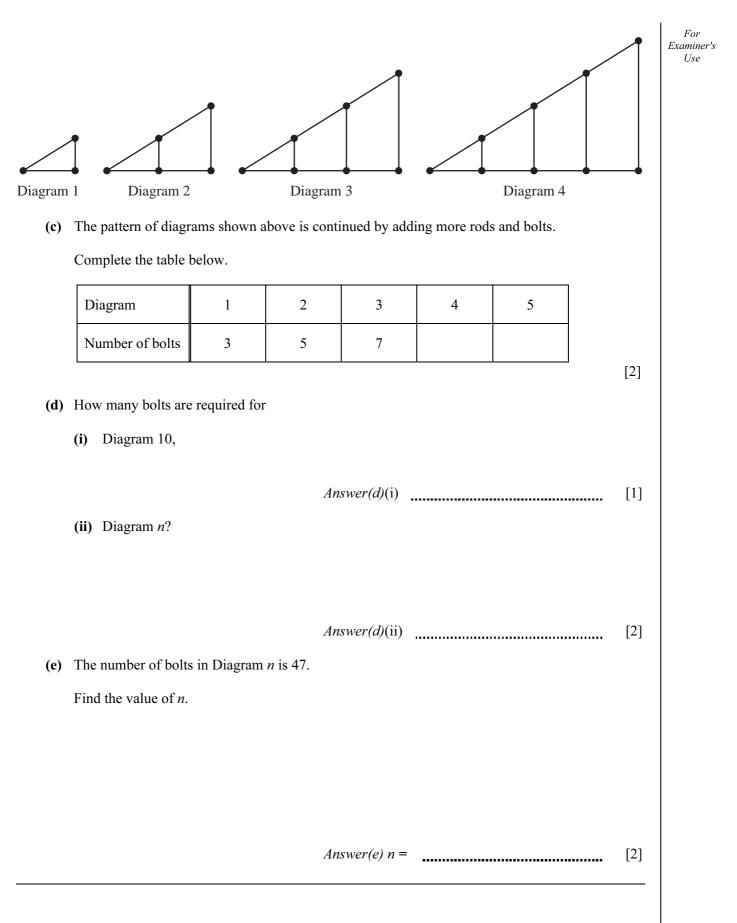
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[3]

	(d)	(i) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x$. (ii) Write down the co-ordinates of the points of intersection of $y = x$ and $y = \frac{18}{x}$.	[1]	For Examiner's Use					
	(e)	Answer(d)(ii) () and () [2] On the grid, draw the reflection of $y = x$ in the y-axis. [1]							
9	(a)	Simplify the following expressions. (i) $5k + 3p - 2 + p - 2k - 5$							
		(ii) $5y^2 - 4x + 5x - 7y^2$	[2]						
	(b)	Answer(a)(ii)	[2]						
		(i) $3(4+7g)$ <i>Answer(b)</i> (i)	[1]						
		Answer(b)(ii)	[2]						

10 Three bolts at A, B and C join the rods AB, BC and CA to form the right-angled triangle, ABC. Angle $ABC = 90^\circ$, AB = 8 cm and BC = 5 cm. С NOT TO **SCALE** 5 cm В 8 cm (a) Calculate (i) the length of the rod AC, Answer(a)(i) AC =..... [2] cm (ii) angle CAB. Answer(a)(ii) Angle CAB =[2] (b) Another right-angled triangle, ADE, is formed by adding rods to triangle ABC. AC is extended to E and AB is extended to D, with more bolts at D and E. Rods *AB* and *BD* are the same length. Ε NOT TO **SCALE** A Ř D (i) Complete the following statement. Triangle *ADE* is to triangle *ABC*. [1] (ii) Describe clearly the single transformation which maps triangle ABC onto triangle ADE. Answer(b)(ii) [3]

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